DDS Vendor Rate Study Project Overview

Presentation to the California Disability Services Association

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BURNS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Health Policy Consultants

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Agenda

Project Team

II Previous I/DD Rate Studies

III B&A's Independent Rate Setting Approach

IV DDS Vendor Rate Study –Project Principles and Overview

V Questions and Answers

Section I: Project Team



Burns & Associates, Inc.



 Health policy consultants specializing in assisting State Medicaid agencies and 'sister agencies' (developmental disabilities and behavioral health authorities)



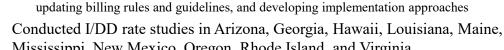
Significant focus in the intellectual and developmental disabilities field



Rate-setting



Using assessments to inform individualized budgets and provider rates



Program operations, including fiscal analyses and funding, writing service definitions,

Mississippi, New Mexico, Oregon, Rhode Island, and Virginia

B&A's Subcontractors

Human Services Research Institute (HSRI)

- Non-profit working in the intellectual/developmental disabilities field since 1976
- Emphases include quality improvement; systems design promoting personcentered thinking, self-direction, and community integration
- Developed National Core Indicators (NCI) with NASDDDS to measure quality across 100 consumer, family, systemic, cost, and health and safety outcomes

Mission Analytics Group

- San Francisco-based firm with focuses on long-term services and supports;
 developmental disabilities; children, youth, and families; and health care delivery
- DDS' risk management contractor since 2005
- National technical assistance provider for CMS assisting states on HCBS selfdirection and the Balancing Incentive Program

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Section II: Previous I/DD Rate Studies



Previous I/DD Rate Studies – Arizona



■ B&A consultants have assisted in three comprehensive rate studies since 2003, most recently in 2013



• First rate study resulted in a series of rate increases totaling more than 22 percent between 2004 and 2008



• State cut rates during the Great Recession without regard to the rate models

- Most recent rate study recommended an overall increase of 26 percent (\$188 million)
 - Not funded, but Legislature has provided small increases in recent budgets

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Previous I/DD Rate Studies – Georgia



Initial rate study in 2010



Recommended rates were cost neutral overall



 Proposals were not implemented due to concerns with changes to use of an assessment instrument to 'tier' rates, day program billing policies, and host home rates



 Undertook a new study of residential, in-home, and respite rates in 2015



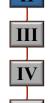
• Recommended an overall rate increase of 24 percent (\$74 million)

• Funding was provided and implementation began in March 2017

Previous I/DD Rate Studies - Rhode Island



 State moved from 'bundled' monthly rates to 15-minute billing (daily for residential) and adopted Supports Intensity Scale (SIS)



 After rates were proposed, the General Assembly cut the budget by more than \$24 million without regard to the proposals

Proposed rates had to be reduced to fit within available funding

Implementation of new rates began in 2011

- Various changes have been made in response to budgetary considerations
- In some cases, current rates remain below what was originally proposed

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Previous I/DD Rate Studies – New Mexico



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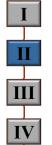
• In response to legislative report noting an "inadequate" assessment process, a growing wait list, and other findings; and other pressures

State adopted the SIS to assess needs (though has recently ceased use)
 Implementation of new rates began in 2013

- At the time, estimated overall reduction of 4 percent (\$10 million)
- Many rates increased, but change in assessment process resulted in fewer individuals assigned to highest level or outlier
- In addition to assessments, concerns included restriction in residential placements and use of therapy and behavioral services
- Targeted rate increases instituted since that time
- Total waiver spending was effectively unchanged between 2012 and 2014 (any savings due to reduced services or rates were reinvested in reducing the wait list)

Previous I/DD Rate Studies - Maine

• Conducted rate study in 2013



- Recommended an overall rate decrease of 4 percent (\$10 million)
 - Proposal was not implemented
 - Primary objection related to group home services, recommended increase in revenue per staff hour, but fewer staff hours per member
 - Day program rates also would have been reduced; most other rates would have increased

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Previous I/DD Rate Studies – Mississippi



 Included establishment of tiered rates based on ICAP assessment results, updates to service requirements, and establishment of new services



• Recommended an overall rate increase of 40 percent (\$20 million)



Funding was provided and implementation began in May 2017

Previous I/DD Rate Studies – Virginia

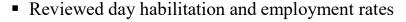
- III



- Rate study undertaken as part of waiver redesign initiative
 - Other components included eligibility changes, establishment of new services, and use of the SIS for tiered rates, changes in certain billing units
- Recommended an overall rate increase of 9 percent (\$58 million)
 - Later reduced to \$45 million after capping nursing rates
 - Funding was provided and implementation began in 2016

Previous I/DD Rate Studies – Oregon







• Recommended an overall rate increase of 7 percent (\$5 million) • Due to funding limitations, have not implemented all rates

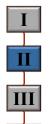


• Only employment-related rates were implemented in 2016 (overall increase of 8 percent)

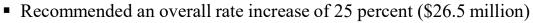


• Currently reviewing rates for residential, in-home, transportation, and professional services

Previous I/DD Rate Studies – Hawaii



 Rate study performed as part of waiver reauthorization, which included use of SIS to assess needs and establishment of new services



• Funding was provided and implementation began in July 2017

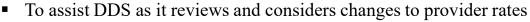
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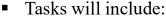
Section III: B&A's Independent Rate Setting Approach

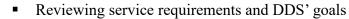


Consultants' Role









- Communicating with and involving stakeholders
- Data collection and analysis
- Developing detailed rate models
- Considering impacts relating to provider network sufficiency, FLSA and HCBS compliance, outcomes/quality, disparities in underserved populations/areas, and budget
- Providing implementation support

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The Independent Rate Model



 Rate models are constructed based on costs providers face in delivering a particular service



 Data is collected from a variety of sources rather than any single source, including:



State policies, rules and standards



Provider and stakeholder input (e.g., provider survey)

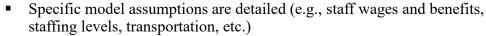


Published sources (e.g., BLS wage data, IRS mileage rates)

Special studies

The Independent Rate Model (cont.)







Assumptions are not mandates (i.e., a provider does not have to pay the wage assumed in the rate)



A single service may have several rates due to:



Individuals' levels of need

- Group size (due to consumer need or other reasons)
- Service setting (e.g., facility or community-based)
- Staff qualifications and training (e.g., LPN v. RN)
- Geography (e.g., urban and rural)

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The Independent Rate Model (cont.)



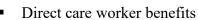
Five factors included in all **HCBS** rates:



and may include:

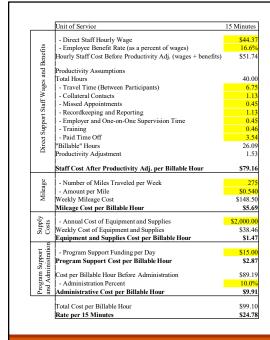


Direct care worker wages



- Direct care worker productivity
- Program support
- Administration

- Other factors vary by service
 - Transportation-related costs
 - Attendance/ occupancy
 - Staffing ratios
 - Rent for program facilities
 - Supplies



Model Example – Nursing

- Direct care staff wages and benefits
 - Largest component of HCBS rates (60-80 percent) of the total rate when including productivity
 - Data is typically gathered from multiple sources
 - Review of staff qualifications and responsibilities
 - Provider survey
 - Bureau of Labor Statistics data
 - State standards
- Adjusting wages and benefits to account for 'productivity':
 - The rate models seek to reflect a 'typical' week for direct care staff by establishing productivity adjustments for non-billable time
 - Non-billable activities may include training, travel, employer time, documentation, and planning time

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Advantages to Independent Rate Model



Transparency



Models contain the factors, values, and calculations that produce the final rate



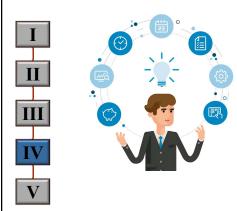
Ability to advance policy goals/objectives



 Examples could include improving direct care staff salaries or benefits, specifying staff-to-client ratios, and incentivizing natural environments rather than clinics

- Efficiency in maintaining rates
 - Models can be easily scaled and adjusted for inflation or specific cost factors (e.g., gasoline costs), or to meet budget targets

Section IV: DDS Vendor Rate Study – Project Principles and Overview



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Project Guiding Principles

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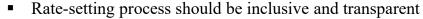






- Utilize the independent approach to rate setting (provider cost data will be one source – but not the only source – of information)
- Rates will reflect and support to the extent practicable DDS requirements and goals, such as:
 - Efficient payment structures (e.g., billing codes and units of service)
 - Provider network sufficiency, including for underserved areas/ groups
 - Supporting quality services and desired outcomes (supporting people at home, encouraging natural supports, community integration, employment)
 - Compliance with HCBS and FLSA rules
 - Rates that can be maintained and sustained

Project Guiding Principles (cont.)



- There will be meaningful opportunities for input from the DS Task Force, provider groups, and other stakeholders
- Rate models that detail cost assumptions and sources of information used to develop these assumptions will be posted online
- Rates should be developed independent of budgetary considerations
 - Budgetary impact will be considered as part of implementation planning

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Project Tasks

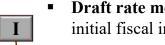
- Research and analysis of the DDS system, including service requirements, current utilization patterns, etc.
- 'Kick-off' meetings with DDS, DS Task Force and Rates Workgroup
- Provider survey to collect data regarding providers' service delivery and costs from a representative sample of providers
- Other research and analysis including benchmark data (e.g., industry wages), comparable rates in other programs and states, and geography-based differences

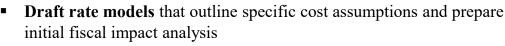






Project Tasks (cont.)





- Comment process to provide opportunity for DS Task Force, Rates Workgroup, and other stakeholders to offer feedback on the draft rates
- Finalize rate models after consideration of public comments
- Final report completed by March 2019



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